

EL CAPITAN
PILSENER BEER.
LIGHT AND SPARKLING.
PER CASE OF 4 DOZ. QTS. 1 \$13.00
6 Doz. Pts. 1
SOLE AGENTS:
H. PRICE & CO.,
12 Queen's Road, 4

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

GOLD MEDALS, PARIS 1875, 1889
JOSEPH
GILLOTTE
F. & S.
Of Highest Quality, & Having Greatest
Durability, are Therefore
CHEAPEST.
The only Award, Chicago, 1893.
NUMBERS FOR USE BY BANKERS
Barrel Pans, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000

No. 11,887

號十二月四年一零百九千一英

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1901.

日二初月三年丑辛

PRICE, \$2.50 Per Month.

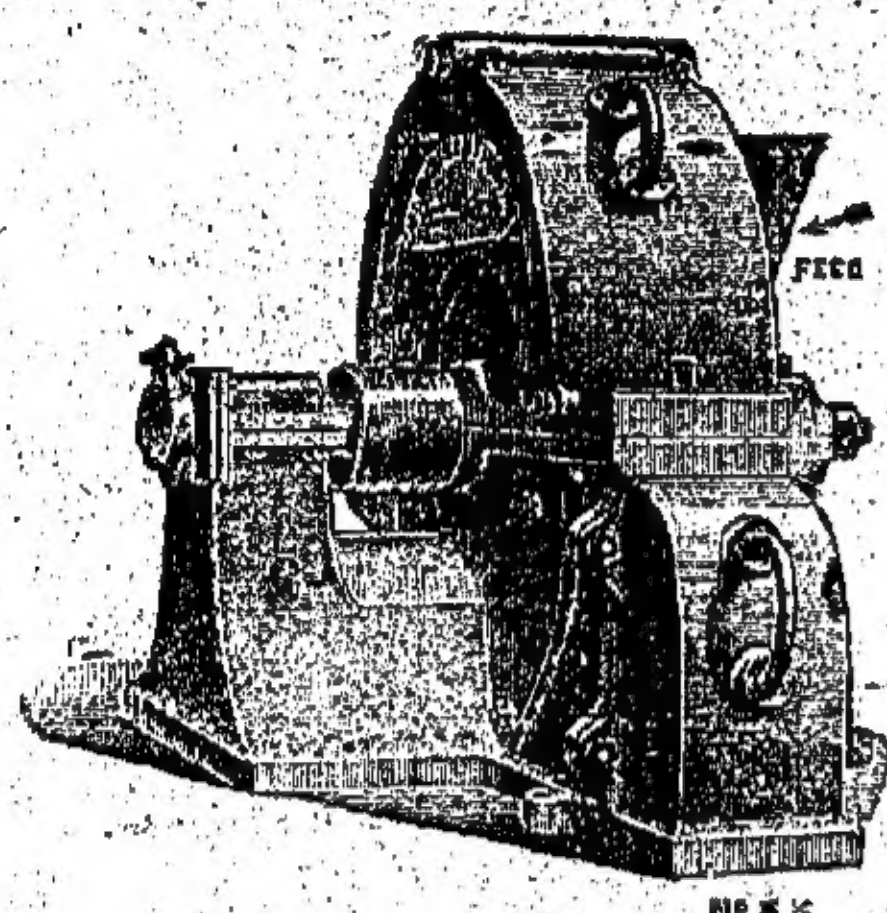
Business Notices.

W. S. BAILEY & CO.,
Engineers, Shipbuilders and General Storekeepers.

OFFICE AND SHOW ROOMS: 60 & 62, DES VŒUX ROAD (OLD PRAYA).

WORKS: KOWLOON BAY.

JUST RECEIVED.



LARGE SHIPMENTS OF DUPLEX PUMPS.
ENGINEERS' & CARPENTERS' TOOLS.
HAND & FORCE PUMPS.
CARTER'S DISINTEGRATORS.
ENGINE-ROOM TELEGRAPHS.
DECK and ENGINE-ROOM STORES
of every Description.

Peak Hotel.

CITY OFFICE,
7, DUDDELL STREET,
HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN
PLUNKETS GAP, THE PEAK,
near the TRAM TERMINUS. TELEPHONE 56.
For Terms,
Apply to the MANAGER. 741

Wanted.

WANTED.
EUROPEAN ASSISTANT for GEN.
ERAL STORE.
Apply to
'ASSISTANT',
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, April 18, 1901. 654

WANTED.
DULY-QUALIFIED SURGEON, for a
Coasting Steamer carrying Native
Passengers.
Applications, stating terms, etc., to be
addressed to 'SURGEON', care of 'CHINA
MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, March 5, 1901. 501

NOTICE.
REQUIRED, by a First-Class Men
R. CANTLE House in Hongkong, an
Experienced MAN of Business to Act as
COMPRADORE. The Highest references
Required. No one need apply unless he
is prepared to give substantial Security in
the sum of \$100,000.
Apply in Writing to Messrs. JOHNSON,
Stokes and Masters, 12, Queen's Road
Central.
Hongkong, February 15, 1901. 368

WANTED.
BY a YOUNG GENTLEMAN, position as
an ASSISTANT in Mercantile Firm;
has good knowledge of General Office
Work.
Address: 'B',
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, April 16, 1901. 632

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY.
NURSERY GOVERNESS, for Child
of 7.
Apply by letter to 'O. P. Q.,'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, April 16, 1901. 634

TO LET.
POSSESSION April 1st.
1, STEWART TERRACE.
Apply to J. W. NOBLE.
Hongkong, March 6, 1901. 510

'KIRIN.'

A Delicate
Lager.

THE CELEBRATED BEER OF
JAPAN

QUARTS, \$2.80 per dozen.
PINTS, \$1.75 do.

W. HUTTON POTTS,
Sole Agent for Hongkong.

ANNOUNCEMENT

THE GRAND PRIX D'HONNEUR IS THE HIGHEST AWARD GIVEN AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION.
THE PUBLIC WILL BE INTERESTED IN LEARNING THAT THIS HIGHEST AWARD,
GRAND PRIX D'HONNEUR

FOR
CONDENSED MILK AND EVAPORATED CREAM
has been conferred upon
BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO.
NEW YORK, U.S.A.
Originators and largest Manufacturers of Condensed Milk.

BORDEN'S
EAGLE BRAND
CONDENSED MILK
PEERLESS BRAND
EVAPORATED CREAM
ESTABLISHED 1857.
Agent, M. J. CONNELL,
No. 7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, HONGKONG.

To Let.

TO LET.
TWO very spacious and well ventilated
TWO-STORYED EUROPEAN RES-
IDENCES, with GARDENS and TERRAS
LIVINGS, each containing 6 Rooms, Bath-
rooms and Dressing, in MACDONNELL
ROAD, on Island Lot No. 1,509.
Apply to
TANG LAP TING,
No. 18, Queen Street, Hongkong,
or to
MOK MAN CHEUNG,
Butterfield & Swire,
Hongkong, March 20, 1901. 634

TO LET, FURNISHED.
WITH immediate possession, SMALL
BUNGALOW in Kowloon; large
Garden and 2 Tennis Courts.
Apply to 'X',
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, March 20, 1901. 633

TO LET.
NOS. 2, 3 and 5, ORMSBY TERRACE,
N. Kowloon. From 1st May.
Apply to
PUN HUNG,
85, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, April 3, 1901. 644

TO LET.
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2ND FLOOR of 'SEA-VIEW', a Euro-
pean Dwelling House, situated at
S.E. of No. 3 Police Station, Wanchai,
containing 3 large Rooms, with Bath Room
and Servants' Quarters.
Cool, healthy, and fine Harbour View.
Rent moderate.
Apply to
W. O'BRIEN,
Sea View.
Hongkong, April 15, 1901. 637

TO LET.
(From 1st April Next).
TWO SPACIOUS GODOWNS, with
1 Upper FLOOR for Dry Goods. Nos.
1 & 2, facing the Sea, and situated at Bel-
cher's Bay on M. Lot 243.
Apply to
JOSEPH & CO.,
1, Duddell Street,
Hongkong, March 26, 1901. 684

TO LET.
A HOUSE in RIFON TERRACE.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.,
Hongkong, April 13, 1901. 670

TO LET.
MEIRIONS, the PEAK, a FIVE-
ROOMED HOUSE, completely
furnished, from 1st May till 31st August.
Apply to
PAUL BREWITT,
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong, April 15, 1901. 635

The Robinson Piano Co., Ltd.

Best Value in
PIANOS.

Monthly Payment System.
TUNING.
REPAIRS.

Our Speciality.
INSTRUMENTS.
STRINGS.
MUSIC.

Grand Stock reduced to Clear.

SINGING, PIANO, MANDOLINE,
AND GUITAR.

SIGNOR CATTANEO, having returned
to the Colony, has resumed Tuition.
TERMS, ... \$10 per Month.
(Two Lessons per Week).
Application may be made by intending
pupils through Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD
and Co., and the ROBINSON PIANO Co.
Hongkong, April 19 1901. 644

TO LET.
A FURNISHED ROOM, in a Central
Part of the Town.
Apply, 'B' x 363,
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, April 15, 1901. 633

Why:



A cup of Bovril, so readily pre-
pared, is the best stimulant
that can be had—refreshing,
nourishing and strengthening.
It promotes and sustains energy.



To be obtained at all Grocers, Chemists,
Hotels, &c., throughout Hongkong, China
and Japan.

Business Notices.

BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, LIMITED,

4, PRAYA CENTRAL
(NEAR THE ENGINEERS' INSTITUTE).

PACKING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
BOILER COMPOSITION,
ENGINE AND OTHER OILS,
WAYS KEPT IN STOCK.

ALL ARTICLES OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY.

BRADLEY & Co., Managers.
JOHN BROWNHILL, Superintendent.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO. have just received
NEW GOODS for the SUMMER SEASON.

COMPRISING:—
THIN BLUE SERGES, TWILLS, and BLACK ANGOLAS.
THIN CASHMERE and TWEED SUITINGS.
WASHING FLANNEL SUITINGS and FANCY VESTINGS.
THIN DRESS SUITINGS and FANCY COATINGS.
PAHRAMATTAS and DRILLS of EVERY DESCRIPTION.
NEW PATENT TROUSER PRESSES.
IMPROVED PIGSKIN PUTTEE LEGGINGS.

Lane, Crawford & Co.



G. H. MUMM & CO.'S

EXTRA DRY **CHAMPAGNE.**

Agents: SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,

For Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan.

THE PHARMACY,

10 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong

ENGLISH and FOREIGN PATENT MEDICINES. Prescriptions carefully
dispensed by a qualified CHEMIST. Special attention to FRENCH and other
FOREIGN FORMULAE.

SOMERVILLE'S 'EXPORT' and 'GLENDOUR' WHISKIES.
PORTSOY HIGHLAND WHISKY (PURE MALT).
MANILA CIGARS.

Manager, RICHARD FLINT.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, PROVIDED WITH EVERY COMFORT.
NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOMS.
TWO ELEVATORS.
NEW REFRIGERATING PLANT.
BEST QUALITY LIQUORS & PROVISIONS.

ASK FOR FERGUSON'S

P. & O.
SPECIAL LIQUEUR, 10 YEARS OLD
HIGHLAND WHISKY.
FERGUSON'S
SPECIAL CREAM
BREADALBANE HIGHLAND WHISKY.
These are the finest productions of Scotland;
devoid absolutely of all deleterious matter.
THE CREME DE LA CREME OF
WHISKIES.
PURE and MILD.
Sole Importers,
F. BLACKHEAD & Co.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

DAKIN'S ANISED & LICORICE COUGH BALSAM.
For the Relief of all CATARRHAL COMPLAINTS, such as COUGHS, COLDS,
HOARSENESS, and SORENESS of the CHEST.
Price 50 Cents and \$1.

CRUICKSHANK'S COUGH BALSAM.
A VALUABLE REMEDY FOR INFLUENZA, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and all Diseases
of the CHEST and LUNGS. Price \$1 per Bottle.
VICTORIA DISPENSARY,
QUEEN'S ROAD.

CHIE WING & Co., 致
23 & 25, LEE YUEN STREET (WEST),
HONGKONG.

DEALERS IN
All Sorts of COPPER, BRASS, STEEL,
IRON WARE, &c.
Suitable for
Shops, ENGINEERS and HOUSE BUILDERS.
Hongkong, May 29, 1900. 1227

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.
DENTON E. PETERSON,
DOCTOR OF DENTAL SURGERY,
9, VICTORIA TERRACE, TRINITY,
10, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.
D. PETERSON who is at present up
North may be expected back at an
early date.
Hongkong, January, 1901. 1689

Business Notices.

WHAT IS THE TEMPERATURE?

90° IN THE SHADE!

Let us have a drink of WATKINS'
FRUIT SYRUP and a bottle of
CROWN SODA.

WATKINS, LIMITED.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

Portland Cement.

In casks of 375 lbs net \$5.00 per cask, ex Factory.
In bags of 250 lbs net \$3.00 per bag, ex Factory.

Factories—HONGKONG AND MACAO.

Glazed Stoneware, Drain Pipes and Fittings, Glazed
Paving Bricks and Tiles, Fire Bricks and Fire Clay.

FIRE CLAY WORKS.—DEEP WATER BAY, HONGKONG.

For further particulars, apply to

Shewan, Tomes & Co.,
GENERAL AGENTS. 2885

PHOTOGRAPHIC

GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS; PLATES, PAPERS AND CHEMICALS.

EASTMAN'S

KODAKS, FILMS & ACCESSORIES.

DEVELOPING & PRINTING UNDERTAKEN.

ROSS'S

PRISM BINOCULARS.

The Field and Power of a Telescope in the compass of an Opera Glass.

ROSS'S

CELEBRATED FIELD & OPERA GLASSES.

ACHEE & CO.,

417 QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL. FEW DOORS EAST OF THE HONGKONG HOTEL. 463

CHAS. HEIDSIECK'S

CHAMPAGNES:

WHITE SEAL (1893 VINTAGE).

CACHET IMPERIAL (Extra Dry; Gout Americain)

SIEMSEN & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Pianoforte Tuning, Repairing, Etc.

Having increased our Staff efficiently, we are prepared to receive additional Annu-
al or other Tunings, and to guarantee satisfaction. Repairs can also now be undertaken
with confidence, our new assistants being conversant with the make of Pianos
in a Climate such as Hongkong.

1602

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

W. POWELL & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED NEW GOODS FOR THE FURNISHING DEPT.

WHITE AND COLOURED TABLE CLOTHS.
Do. ART MUSLINS AND SERGES.
WHITE LACE CURTAINS (best quality).
IRISH LINEN SHEETS (Hemmed).
COUNTERPANES AND TOWELS.
CRETONNES AND TAPESTRYS, Etc., Etc
43, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



V. O. S.

OLD VATTED WHISKY.

A First-Class WHISKY, composed entirely of the Finest
Products of Highland Distilleries, thoroughly matured, mild and
mellow. Unrivalled for quality and delicacy of flavour in the Far
East.

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

15, Queen's Road,
Hongkong, April 18, 1901. 620

Intimations.

[illegible]

(To be continued.)

LIFE AND VIGOUR FOR THE HAIR. The only article which really possesses nutritive virtues for shampooing, and restoring the hair to its natural condition, is "The Hair Dressing" of the "MAGNAN Co." It removes scalp dandruff, dandruff, prevents the hair becoming injured by disease, and should always be used for children's hair; no other article imparts such a beautiful and agreeable appearance to the hair as "KOWALSKI'S MAGNAN Co." And if you have never used it, you are strongly advised to procure a bottle without delay, and continue using it; also is a golden colour for hair, hair

28	P-Q 5	K P x P
29	P x P	P x P
30	Kc-B 2	R-Q 3
31	Kc-Kt 4	R-Q 3
32	B-Kt 2	B-B 3
33	Q-R-Q 3	Q-Q 4
34	P-B 5	P-K R 4
35	Q-Q-R 5	D-K 5
36	Kc-K 3	R (B 2)-Q
37	Kt x P	R x Kt
38	R x K	B-B 2
39	R x R	Q x R
40	R-Q 2	B x B
41	R-Q 2	Kt x B
42	Q-K 3 ch	Kt-B 5
43	Q-B 5	Kt-R 2

EVERY MAN

Goods are landed.
Optional Goods will be landed here unless
instructions are given to the contrary before
3 p.m. To-day, the 19th Inst.
Goods not cleared by the 25th Inst. at

For particulars apply to
YARROW & CO., LTD., Shipbuilders,
POPLAR, LONDON.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
 LTD.
 By Special Warrant
 Purveyors to
 The Queen AND
 Empress of India.
CELEBRATED OILMAN'S STORES.

WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE,
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPECTACLES.
PINCE-NEZ AND EYE PRESERVES.
FALCONER & Co. are AGENTS for RUSSIA FAMOUS TELESCOPES &
BINOCULARS, LORD KELVIN'S OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ADMIRALTY CHARTS and BOOKS.
EASTMAN'S KODAKS AND FILMS.

NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.		Under Queen Victoria's Reign, 1837-...	
The New English Prayer Book with		1801.....	1
Hymns..... from \$1.00 to	\$5.00	Popular Royalty, by Heaven.....	3
Medical Annual, 1891.....	5.00	The Edin' Bazaar, by W. Wood.....	2
Medical Dictionary, 700 Pages.....	2.50	20 new puzzles RACE.....	
Problems of the Future, by Laing.....	2.50	Mechanical Puzzles.	
Modern Science and Modern Thought,		Arithmetical Puzzles.	
by Laing.....	2.50	Miscellaneous Puzzles.	
Modern Medicine, by Laing.....	2.50	20 new puzzles for Queen or F	
Human Origin, by Laing.....	2.50	press, simply told for Children, by M	
Bid for a Coronet, by Author of		Valentine.	
'Woman in Grey'.....	\$1.50 & 2.03	Father Tucker's Natural History.	

IS THE BEST LIGHT BEER THAT HAS EVER
BEEN BROUGHT INTO THE COLONY.

In dull damp weather its use will be found most invigorating.

PRICE:—
Per Case 6 dozen Pints, 13.50
Per Case 4 dozen Quarts, 13.50

—
SOLE IMPORTERS:
A. S. WATSON & Co.

Limited,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS, &c
HONGKONG DISPENSARY

EAST ASIATIC TRADING Co., Ltd.;
Agents.
Hongkong, April 15, 1901. 827

Hongkong, January 3, 1901. 31

MATIO CAPSULES in the more CHRONIC CASES
 Made by A. S. WATSON & Co., Chemists, U.S.A.

MATIO CAPSULES in the more CHRONIC CASES
 Made by A. S. WATSON & Co., Chemists, U.S.A.

3 p.m. BAIN & REID
'CHINA MAIL' Office, Dec. 1900.

3 p.m. BAIN & REID
'CHINA MAIL' Office, Dec. 1900.

MATIO CAPSULES in the more CHRONIC CASES
 Made by A. S. WATSON & Co., Chemists, U.S.A.

Telephone No. 132.



MARK.

WHISKIES.

IRISH.

Dunville's V.R.	1 doz. Bottles	\$12.00
Do. Special Reserve	1 doz. Bottles	15.00
SCOTCH.		
F. O. S. Very Old Highland	1 doz. Bottles	15.00
Club	1 doz. Bottles	12.00
Speciely Selected	1 doz. Bottles	11.00
Choice Old Highland	1 doz. Bottles	8.00
Glenlivet	1 doz. Bottles	7.00
Highland Nectar	1 doz. Bottles	10.00
D. U. L. The Distillers	1 doz. Bottles	10.00
Highland Glenlivet	1 doz. Bottles	10.00
Dewar's White Label	1 doz. Bottles	10.00
Do. Extra Special	1 doz. Bottles	14.00
Do. Special	1 doz. Bottles	12.00
P. D. O.	1 doz. Bottles	12.00
Teacher's Highland Groom	1 doz. Bottles	12.00
D. G. Damp Bottles	1 doz. Bottles	9.00
Peak Brand, Damp Bottles	1 doz. Bottles	8.00

AMERICAN.

Fine Old Bourbon	1 doz. Bottles	\$16.00
Canadian Whisky	1 doz. Bottles	17.00
Canadian Club	1 doz. Bottles	17.00

H. PRICE & CO.

12, Queen's Road.

MEMOS. FOR MONDAY.

Auctions.

3 p.m.—Auction of Crown Land situated at Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road.

Miscellaneous.

Goods per *Savina* undivided after this date subject to rent.

Goods per *Dunhillshire* undivided after this date subject to rent.

General Memoranda.

Tuesday, April 23.—9 p.m.—Performance by the Brough Comedy Co. in the City Hall.

Thursday, April 25.—2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, at Nos. 2 and 4, Gage Street, (Corner of Leighton Terrace).

Goods per *Gilda* undivided after this date, subject to rent.

Goods per *Ceylon* not cleared at 4 p.m. subject to rent.

Goods per *Beard* not cleared at 4 p.m. subject to rent.

Saturday, April 27.—2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, at No. 3, Seymour Terrace.

THE DOCTOR'S ADVICE.

WHEN YOUR CHILD HAS A PROTRACTED, paroxysmal cough, worse at night, accompanied by a peculiar sound or whoop, which cannot be mistaken, and then laboured expectoration of mucus, with apparent exhaustion after coughing, give at once CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY. It will render the paroxysms of coughing less frequent and severe. It will make the breathing easier and lighten the tough mucus, and make expectoration much easier. There is, in fact, no danger from whooping cough when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given.

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BIRTH.

At Elliot Crescent, Robinson Road, on 10th inst., the Wife of G. R. ROBINSON, of a Son.

The publication of this issue commences at 5.30 p.m.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1901.

Nor so very long ago the question of delimiting European reservations was publicly discussed in Hongkong, with the customary result—nothing was done. The Hon. Mr. Ormsby, it will be remembered, gave it as his opinion that the Government could not afford to buy back the land in Kowloon (where the reservation was last proposed) because it would have cost at least \$500,000, adding, however, that the value of land in the proposed reservation had doubled during the last few years. Much of the land which the Sanitary Board suggested the Government should resume is in the hands of speculators who refuse to build themselves and are merely holding for enhanced prices, which means, of course, a continuance of high rentals and it is absolutely certain that had the Government accepted the wise counsel of the Sanitary Board the result would have been a financial, as well as a sanitary, desirable and wholesome gain to the Colony. That opportunity to relieve the low-salaried European from oppressive rack renting and the invasion by itinerant Chinese of hitherto European districts was allowed to slip—owing to red-tape, presumably, and the fear of our real rulers in Downing Street. We have received a copy of the report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1900. In which some very pertinent remarks are made on this very subject. Analysing the census statistics, he calls attention to the fact that the population of Hongkong is essentially a male adult one, and says:—

"The recent Census has revealed the fact that during the past four years—that is to say since the Census taken in January, 1897—the excess of males over females has become more marked, both among the Chinese and the Non-Chinese communities. For the previous proportions were 7.9 per cent of males among the Chinese, and 58.6 per cent of males among the Non-Chinese. The greatly increased rentals of domestic buildings, during the past four years, are no doubt the cause of this reduction in the female population, for both the Chinese and the Non-Chinese community have found it increasingly difficult to obtain family dwellings at a rental which would bear a proportion to their earnings. It will be noted that the reduction is even more marked among the Non-Chinese community than among the Chinese, and until cheap and rapid transit is afforded to the outlying districts of this Colony, I am afraid that this great disproportion of the sexes will be maintained, or even further accentuated."

In his remarks on the vital statistics, he says that "the death-rate of the Colony shows a marked reduction during the past ten years, when compared with the rate for the previous decade, but there can be no question that, with such a young adult population as exists in this Colony, the death-rate can be very much further reduced by improvement in the conditions under which the bulk of the population are housed." With regard to the infantile mortality, Dr. Clark says:—

"It is generally stated that in China the infant death-rate bears a close relationship to the degree of prosperity of the mass of the population, and that when the rice crops are bad and the pinch of poverty is felt, it is the infants who must be the first to go. If we can apply this principle to this Colony it suggests that its general prosperity does not by any means imply the prosperity of the masses, but that on the contrary high wages are apt to prove an inadequate compensation for high rentals and dear food."

Dr. Clark also deals with the number of deaths from malarial fevers in the Colony, the total number of deaths among the Chinese from this cause, during the past year being 887, as compared with 635 during the previous year, and 500 during 1898. Amongst other precautions for the prevention of the spread of malaria to the European population, he advocates that European houses should be distant some 400 to 500 yards at least from native dwellings, and proceeds:—

"In a recent Report to the Royal Society, Dr. Stephens and Christopher, who are working at this subject in Lagos, say that 'to stamp out native malaria is at present chimerical, and every effort should rather be towards the protection of Europeans,' and I certainly think that the same principle holds good in this Colony. This Colony has recently acquired a very extensive addition to its territory, and every effort should be made to secure and maintain an extensive European reservation in this new territory before the land becomes too valuable for the Government to be able to resume from the native holders. This reservation should be surrounded by a zone of neutral ground, at least a quarter of a mile wide, on which neither European nor native dwellings should be allowed, but which should be utilized by the Government for the cultivation of trees or laid out in part as a recreation ground. There is no objection to a small number of personal servants residing within the reservation area, but in no case should any native families be allowed, as it is the native children, and especially those under the age of ten years, who are the principal source of infection in Malasia. In view of the very considerable number of deaths from Malarial Fever among the Troops, it would appear to be especially important that all Barracks should be isolated in this manner from the native population."

What Dr. Clark says about the spread of malaria might be said with equal if not greater force with regard to the spread of plague, small-pox, and other infectious diseases. It is scarcely necessary to labour this point in a community where everyone is aware of the incurably filthy habits of

the Chinese, and we think, if the matter were properly represented to the authorities at Home, either through the Government with the Government help and approval, or direct to the Secretary of State without Government help and approval, it should not be impossible to get European reservations delimited in Hongkong, on the island and also on the mainland. The subject has been brought to the notice of Mr. Chamberlain, Secretary of State, by people interested in the West African Colonies. On the 15th March, he received an influential deputation from the Chambers of Commerce of London, Manchester and Liverpool, and the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine, who urged, in view of the great mortality and invaliding among Europeans in the British Colonies of West Africa, the Government should consider the question of improving the sanitation of the principal coastal towns in West Africa. One of the several suggestions submitted was 'the removal of native huts where their presence is a menace to the health of Europeans.' Mr. Chamberlain, in the course of his reply, said:—

"A great deal had been said with reason as to the danger caused by the too close proximity of the European residences to the residences of the native population. In Africa that matter had been, to a great extent, dealt with, and the dwellings of the Europeans had been moved away from those of the native population. In Hongkong, which was going to be a considerable place owing to the establishment of the railway, which, if continued to Coomaes, would be of great importance, Major Methuen had already acquired a very considerable portion of land, with the object of building upon that land, separately and away from any native population, the buildings required for any Europeans. In either case the same sort of precautions were already being taken."

We believe we are correct in saying that H.E. Sir Henry Blake is personally in favour of reserved European areas, if the Colony's finances only warranted the step. Well, the Colony has been doing very well during the past year in the disposal of land at high purchase prices. With the example of West Africa to support him and Mr. Chamberlain's approval of the action of the West African government officials before him, is Sir Henry Blake courageous enough to sign his term of office in Hongkong by creating European reservations here? Several reasons could be urged in support of the proposal, but the main one is the protection of the public health. There are military and naval reservations, why not European civil reservations?

CHURCH SERVICES.

ORDER OF CHURCH SERVICE AT ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL—2ND SUNDAY AFTER EASTER, APRIL 21.

Motens.—Responses. Tallis; Venite, Barnby; Psalms, Smart; Pie, Smart; Te Deum, Woodward; Benediction, Langford; Hymns, 267, 500, 275; Kyrie, Stainer in F.

Evangelist.—Responses. Tallis; Psalms, Croft and Metley; Magnificat, Bennett; Nunc Dimittis, Stainer; Hymn, 197, 232 (2nd Part), 238.

ENION CHURCH—SUNDAY, APRIL 21.

11 a.m.—Voluntary, 'Revivie,' Götterman; Hymn, No. 511 (St. Ann), Croft; Psalm, No. 40 (Double Chant), Kent; Anthem, No. 37 'O Lord How manifold,' Barnby; Hymn, No. 347 (Troy's Chant), Hymn, No. 325 (Innsbruck), H. Isaac; Sermon, 'The Culture of the Will,' Voluntary, 'March in G,' Smart.

6 p.m.—Voluntary, 'Adagio,' Spohr; Hymn, No. 505 (Omberville), Gladstone; Hymn, No. 154 (Stephano's), Baker; Hymn, No. 411 (Rutherford), Lausmae; Psalter; Hymn, No. 301 (St. Andrew), Thomas; Hymn, No. 480 (Tallis Canon), Tallis; Voluntary, 'Pavane,' Smart; Sermon, 'The young man whom Jesus loved,' or 'Waiting is—What?'

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, WEST POINT—2ND SUNDAY AFTER EASTER, SUNDAY, APRIL 21.

11 a.m.—Hymn, 335; Venite, Kelsey; Te Deum, Oakeley; Jubilate, Robinson; Hymns, 339, 11, 70.

6.30 p.m.—Hymn, 335; Magnificat, Robinson; Nunc Dimittis, Battishall; Hymn, 341, 14, 95.

The Mission Launch *Douglas* will call on the ships on Sunday morning between 10 and 10.30 to take men ashore for the services. The 'answering pennant' may be hoisted.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH—WANCHAI, SUNDAY, APRIL 21.

Morning—10.30. Evening—6.

Royal Hongkong Yacht Club.

On Sunday, Club Race No. 10 of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club will be sailed, the course being from the Police Pier, Kowloon, to Covechow and Chanquo Rocks, all to starboard; distance, 16 miles. Club Race No. 11 will be sailed on the following Sunday. Course—From Police Pier, Kowloon, to Channel Rocks and Covechow, all to port; distance 18 miles.

Theft by a Fireman.

To-day, Mr. Kemp ordered James Conway, Fireman, as being three weeks' imprisonment for theft. It seems that the Fireman, who is a military transport, was leading stores when prisoner took advantage of an opportunity to unobtrusively steal a chest of tea, valued at \$5, belonging to Messrs. Dowell and Co. The act was reported to the Chief Officer, who in turn reported the theft to the police.

IT'S DANGEROUS

to trifle with a cold.

COUGH CHAMBERLAIN'S REMEDY.

Pleasant to take—never fails to cure. For sale by all dealers in medicines everywhere. Price, 50 cts. and \$1.00. For sale by All Dealers, WATKINS & Co., General Agents.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Notes by the Way.

The pursuit of De Wet is like the pursuit of pleasure.

Yesterday, a coolie fell from a scaffolding on the Praya Reclamation, and received such injuries that he died in Tung Wa Hospital.

The usual weekly prayer-meeting in connection with the Hongkong Christian Union will be held at the Music Room in the City Hall on Monday, at 5.15 p.m.

Claims filed against the bankrupt firm of Middleton and Smith, Yokohama, amount to yen 201,939, exclusive of yen 42,830 secured. The assets are valued at yen 20,000.

Yesterday, a number of Chinese shipwrights, employed at the Naval Yard, were enjoying a swim in the Harbour, opposite the Kowloon Torpedo Depot, when one of their number suddenly sank. His body has not been recovered. It is supposed he had been seized with cramp.

Hongkong Hotel.

The Band of the Madras Light Infantry will play at the Hongkong Hotel to-night from 8 p.m. to 9.30 p.m.—

Overture 'Le Chien de la Gloire'.....Kling

Selection 'Belle of New York'.....Korner

Yalse.....'Yankee Song'.....Buckess

Cavatina 'La Regina di Golconda'.....Donizetti

Selection 'Lucia del Lammermoor'.....Donizetti

Walse.....'The Last Chord'.....Sullivan

Valse.....'T. T. Polaris'.....Waldteufel

God Save The King.

Our Share Report.

Our readers will observe that we have introduced a new feature in our share report on Page 6, namely a paragraph showing business actually done yesterday. At the time this page went to press, no transactions were reported to date at changed rates; but we hope to be able to reproduce at the top of the table every day the record of business done. This will show at a glance the movement of prices day by day, an arrangement which should be found a convenient help by those who follow the market.

The Singapore Garrison.

The *Singapore Free Press* of the 9th inst. says:—Capt. Morris, R.G.A., has arrived by the *Purmer* to take command of the second Native Company of Artillery for Singapore. What is to be done is this. Recruits from India for the additional company of the Hongkong-Singapore Battalion will join at the Hongkong headquarters, and when that Company is well forward, one of the Companies now stationed there will be sent down to Singapore, where new barracks are in process of construction. It may therefore be some little time before Capt. Morris makes the acquaintance of his new command.

FREE FIGHTS AT NAGASAKI.

British Bluejacket Killed.

The grog-shops with which, as visitors there know only too well, Nagasaki abounds, are responsible for constant fights between sailors on leave. The *Nagasaki Press* of the 11th, says:—

"It is rather tiresome to have to report so frequently the occurrence of fights among foreign men-of-war's men during their visits to this port. The latest disturbance occurred on Tuesday night in Oura, a body of French and English bluejackets coming into collision. It is reported that the former interfered with several civilians, who appealed to the Britishers for assistance. A battle royal speedily occurred, and was only quelled by the arrival of a large body of police. Many the combatants were severely maimed, but the police managed to restore order. Later in the evening, one of the artillery belonging to the *Bayleur* was carried on board in a shocking injury, the condition of the head being very much battered, the wounds being apparently caused by a bottle or a sharp instrument. His injuries were attended to, but his condition was considered so precarious that a sentry was stationed by the night to watch the man. It transpired that the latter had been set upon by a body of French sailors whilst drinking alone in one of the saloons on creek-side. Another disgruntled French occurred last night. It is reported that two Britishers were almost stabbed to death. As we are going to press, we are unable to give further particulars."

The following notice is issued from the Observatory:

On the 20th at 12.55. The barometer has risen on the China coast. The depression is probably moving Eastwards over Japan, and pressure is highest over the NE coast of China. Gradients slight with moderate S to E winds, moderate; unsettled, shower.

The Lancet says of

'Stearns' Wine of God Liver Oil

"It is certainly an elegant preparation and a success." Palatable and easily borne by the most delicate. Wholesale and Retail from A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., Hongkong.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Italian Convent.

The Lady Superiress of the Italian Convent gratefully acknowledges the following donation to the Convent Extension Fund:—

A Friend.....\$110.

Japan's Forces.

According to a vernacular paper, the latest returns of the Japanese army and navy show that there are at present 99 generals, 8,397 officers, 35,248 non-commissioned officers and sergeants, 273,289 soldiers, and 45,904 others in the Imperial army, while there are 46 admirals, 1,523 officers, 2,543 non-commissioned officers, 19,149 sailors, and 398 cadets in the navy. The above constitute the standing army and navy of Japan on a peace footing.

Russia and Corea.

An Osaka paper leaves on good authority that Admiral Skrydloff, of the Russian Asiatic Squadron, who was recently granted an audience by the King of Corea, announced at the last moment the demand for the lease of Chinhaï Bay, and that in consequence the interview was altogether insignificant, although it had attracted great attention from almost all diplomatic quarters in the East. The paper adds that Russia has lately modified her attitude towards the lease question owing to the strong opposition of the Japanese Government and people. It is reported in this connection from Seoul that the sudden change of attitude by Russia is the outcome of a long telegram dispatched to St. Petersburg the other day by the Russian representative at Tokio, who is said to have referred in it to the decidedly firm attitude of Japan with regard to various Russian undertakings in the East.

Dresses at the Theatre.

The ladies are in ecstasies over the dresses of the Brough Comedy Company. In 'The Liars' they were magnificent; but report says that they are even more splendid in 'The Gay Lord Quex,' which is played to-night and on Monday. A contemporary thus describes the dresses of the Duchess of Strood (Miss Temple):—

The Duchess of Strood makes her first appearance in the grounds of Fancey Court gown in a soft shade of grey with bands of white insertion carried from the back of the skirt and crossed over to the front. 'The Duchess on changing into the dinner gown wears a shimmering dress of yellow velours, trimmed with a narrow edging of brown fur, and the artistic way that a wide piece of lace, edged with the same fur is draped from the left shoulder to the right side of the skirt, then carried up to the waist at the back of the skirt, gives a decided finish to an exceedingly pretty dress. In the third act representing the bedroom scene, the Duchess of Strood changes into a ten-gown of pink flowered brocade with full front of pink chiffon, tied at the shoulders with pale green ribbons. This robe is distinctly in keeping with the handsome appearance of the room and its furniture, and in it Miss Temple looks especially charming."

Garrison Athletic Meeting.

Yesterday the first athletic gathering in connection with Hongkong Garrison, open to Indian as well as European soldiers, was opened on the Wongnei-chung Recreation Ground, at Happy Valley. The atmosphere was stifling, and not of the most desirable nature for such a meeting, but still, there was a large gathering round the specially fenced arena. It was a pretty scene. The officers and their ladies occupied one enclosure, another enclosure being reserved for the non-commissioned officers and the ladies and children of the Garrison. The remainder of the ring was encircled by 'Tomnies,' black and white, and the variety of uniforms intermixed with the gay dresses of the Indians presented a charming spectacle. Indeed, the sports, which were under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor, who attended during the afternoon, were arranged by a committee of the officers under the presidency of H. E. Major-General Giesche, C.M.G. Captain the Hon. H. W. Trevelyan, A.D.C., was Secretary of the Committee, and worked with indefatigable energy to ensure the success of the sports, and was rewarded by a happy result to his efforts. Hand-some prizes had been provided by His Excellency the Governor, the Officers, by leading citizens of Victoria, and from the funds of the Soldiers' Club, and it was little wonder that the competitions were largely entered for and keenly contested. Besides the usual races, and jumping events, of which there were many, there were special events of outstanding interest. The only mounted competition was Sword by British Officers, for a cup, and it occasioned great excitement among the spectators. The obstacle race was a most amusing event. The tug-of-war competitions were very well-contested. The semi-final to between No. 1 Team 5th Hyderabad and No. 2 Team of the same regiment, was a long but steady pull in favour of the former. The time was 34 minutes. The Asiatic Artillery had a much longer tussle with the 22nd Bombays, but ultimately forced them over the mark amid intense enthusiasm. During the afternoon, the band of the 3rd Madras Light Infantry discoursed splendid music. The sports were continued to-day.

Do not neglect Headaches.

Stearns' Headache Cure

is a prompt and efficient remedy. It is marvellous how a single little vial will quickly dispel the most agonizing pain. Sold by all chemists, Wholesale and Retail from A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., Hongkong.

TELEGRAMS.

[HAYAS SERVICE.]

ITALY AND FRANCE.

PARIS, April 12.

M. Loubet has left Toulon and gone for a few days to Montecatini. The adjutant to the Duke of Genoa has been very cordial. The Italian squadron leaves to-morrow. The fêtes in its honour still continue.

PARIS, April 13.

The Italian squadron has left Toulon. The intercourse between the Italian and French sailors and the civil population has been most warm and cordial. Throughout the European press, comments are made on the Franco-Italian rapprochement.

THE FRENCH PREMIER.

PARIS, April 14.

M. Waldeck-Rousseau has gone to reside in the country at Antibes. He has almost recovered from the recent operation.

[BREWER'S SERVICE.]

BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.

LONDON, 18th April.

In the Blue-book, a despatch from Sir Alfred Milner dated 6th February, summarizing the situation, says that it is useless to deny that the last half-year has been one of retrogression, both materially and morally.

THE BUDGET.

The deficit last year amounts to 33 millions sterling. Had it not been for the war, there would have been a surplus of 15 millions sterling.

LONDON.

The Budget estimates the expenditure for 1901 at £187,600,000 sterling, of which £60,000,000 is for the war. The deficit is estimated at £25,000,000.

It is proposed to add two-pence to the Income tax; to impose a duty of four shillings and two pence on refined sugar polarizing above 98, including the West Indian duty; to diminish the duty on Raw Sugar polarizing below 98; to impose duties of two shillings on Molasses, and of one shilling and eight pence on Glucose; and an export duty of one shilling a ton on Coal.

The new duties are estimated to yield £11,000,000 sterling. It is proposed to expend the Sinking Fund, and to borrow £60,000,000 Consols.

BROUGH COMEDY COMPANY.

'The Liars.'

There was again a crowded theatre last night when the curtain rose on the first act of 'The Liars.' The Company was in good form, and the comedy was much appreciated by the audience, which was unstinted in its applause. As the older dramatic troupes know, and as every ordinary person realises to-day, married ladies who will carry on tropical flirtations with 'others' are generally laughed at for their pains when they come to go through an agonised course of repentance. And the Duchess of Strood is no exception to this rule. It is true that she talks about the 'dumb-bug' of her blighted life, etc., but the pathos neither touches Lord Quex nor the audience. So that if there is any necessity to search for a moral, here it is, and it is rather a good one. 'Religious hell, that nuptials in a matrimonial bones,' even though she be so charming a matron as the Duchess of Strood, 'brings its punishment,' and then there is the other moral, the husband's one—do not poke your nose into other people's business. If Sophy Fulgurney had not concluded it to be her mission to sit in censorious judgment on the early follies of Lord Quex she would not have run the great risk she did, and she have been within an ace of causing two people, who proved ultimately to be eminently suited for each other, to remain separate. Sophy Fulgurney is a charming character—a dash of Polly Eccles in her, and a tincture of the Puritanism of the old age to be argued out of the Puritanism. It was a like to say 'that every woman is at heart a rake,' but every woman, at the very least, can find a soft spot for a rake if he be a remnant of mindless left in him and be not quite abandoned. Lord Quex has much more than a remnant; when the proper moment should offer, it is to be converted into a good, solid foundation for lasting character. The moment comes when 'Married Eden' is his; he is the best man of the world of many pleasures; of many more bitter memories. Sophy Fulgurney, the little maniacist, often venturing the air of the sentimentalist, but gentle lady and good woman always, will not hear of the match. Marjell Eden is her *protée*; she is true as steel and as fresh as the flowers—she goes to a worn-out *roue* like Lord Quex; Marjell herself imagines it to be her duty to make this marriage of convenience; and, equally, she imagines that she can for Captain Eastling. But she will leave to Lord Quex so long as she imagines that he is not utterly unworthy. It is Sophy Fulgurney's self-imposed mission to show Marjell how unworthy Quex is, and it is the not the Duchess of Strood to help her; the Duchess of Strood, who has been Quex's mistress; and who would be again, who is even then at Fancey Court, trying to bring her lover to her side again. This is the plot, simple enough, really; but in the development, of the incidents Mr. Pinero has put in some of his most masterly strokes of character drawing. If one were inclined to blather once more on the moral of a comedy, which has been denounced as immoral, it would be to insist that a libertine and a free liver like Lord Quex may yet be better than he is painted and that good women like Sophy Fulgurney and Marjell Eden will still have to contend with there are qualities for compelling love in the average man that are somehow lacking in the paragon of their dreams. And so subtly yet so skillfully does the dramatic mark these transitions of feeling that few remember when the curtain falls that they have Lord Quex in the hero of a play in which he is entered almost as the villain.

REVIEWS.

THE MIND OF THE CONVENT. Reprinted from the *Daily Chronicle*. London: T. Fisher Unwin, Paternoster Square, E.C. 1901. 2s.

This is eminently a readable book. It consists of sixteen articles with an editorial introduction, and the articles are written on broad general lines to show the tendencies of human effort and production within the past century. In its way, it presents a bird's-eye view of the ground covered by the intellectual forces of the last hundred years, yet it is never above the heads of its readers. When we mention that the 'Drama' is dealt with by William Archer, 'Essays and Criticism' by Henry W. Newman, 'Art' by Joseph Pennell, 'Travel' by Major Mackie House, 'Theology' by Rev. A. W. Hutton, 'Chemistry' by Professor W. A. Tilden, and 'Natural Science' by Edward Clodd, we have done enough to recommend the book to our readers. It is not intended for specialists but for the general reader who desires to have an idea of the progress of what might be termed the intellectual side of life during the Nineteenth Century. Mr. W. F. Alexander's chapter on 'Philosophy' is a marvel of compression.

SUPREME COURT.

IN CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

(Before His Lordship Sir John Colvinton, Kt., C.M.G., Chief Justice, and Jury.)

Friday, 19th April.

THE GAIL RIVINGTON.

Owing to the late hour (seven o'clock) at which this interesting case opened, we were unable to publish the conclusion in last night's issue.

A convict, who was undergoing twenty years' imprisonment, examined by the defence, said that about two years ago, the regulation rice was cut down. Sometimes, in the weighing out, some prisoners got more and some got less. Those who had the lesser quantity sometimes complained. For his part, when he got less, he used to go to the Visiting Justices.

A twelve years' convict said he knew something about the alleged ill-treatment. The Superintendent did not give second prisoners enough food.

His Lordship—Did you get less than the regulations?

Witness—Yes. It was among the cooks in the kitchen and had nothing to do with Mr. Craig. If a prisoner did not get enough to eat he could make the ordinary complaint. Some did so. The prosecutor had cut his diet down, but that was two or three years ago. Long service prisoners used to cook in the kitchens, but that was altered now, and short service men alone made the food.

Another long service convict stated that he was sentenced in 1892 to eighteen years for manslaughter. The new regulations had cut down his diet.

Another convict admitted having assaulted Mr. Craig, and said:—

A further witness was put in the box, and in answer to his Lordship, said that the goal authorities should accept a scheme of adding all the old men in the kitchens, and in answer to the young ones who would go out to work.

Hon. F. H. May, Captain Superintendent of Police, and Superintendent of the Goal, said he had had that change for about five years and was fully conversant with the new regulations, and said he was in force in January, 1899. The new scale of diet effected a slight reduction for men on hard labour; while for men on soft labour the reduction was immaterial. The difference between the old and new regulations was that a man receiving a moderate diet under the old regime and that was divided into a morning and evening meal of 11oz each, and 2oz for condiments. Under the new regulations a man like the third prisoner would be better off.

In answer to his Lordship, Capt. May said that he visited the goal once a week, or oftener, and had had complaints made to him, but not against any European. He would like to say that he took the trouble to examine the men who complained of diet food so that they

CHUTNEY.

(Manufactured by the Firm of Irresponsible Chatter and Co.)

Mr. Dreditch has laid down the curious dictum in his army reform speech, that no officer is to command in time of peace unless he has been certified fit to command in time of war. The method of deciding this important point is not explained, but it seems a bit of a knotty problem, doesn't it?

When scientists proceeded to damn the anopheles as the purveyor of malarial fever, they also were careful to impress upon us the fact that his brother, the *culex*, was absolutely harmless. Such, however, does not appear to be the case in Jamaica and other yellow-fever districts, where the *culex fasciatus* is held to be responsible for the transmission of the disease, not by means of germ inoculation, as no germ of yellow-fever has been discovered, but by direct contact. It is comforting to know that the introduction of but a few of those dreadful insects into a healthy district would probably result in an epidemic of the fever.

The Sanitary Board election that didn't elect, afforded Mr. J. W. Norton-Kyle an opportunity of displaying, under the circumstances, quite a gaudy display of loyalty to his employers. "What is the use of kicking against the Government?" It's very wrong, very wrong," he kept murmuring as he wandered about disconsolately among the ironical group of taxpayers, who had come there to be amused, and who refused to be nominated. His references to Penang and Singapore, badly governed as those places may be, was a rather poor compensation, because, municipally those places enjoy a share of unofficial representation which is not accorded to Hongkong. What we have to do now is to memorialize the Secretary of State for extended unofficial representation.

Your Correspondent 'Pro Bono Publico' will probably get his grievance remedied, since it is partly a military necessity. In any other part of the Colony, his case would be hopeless.

The subject of Mr. Michie's lecture is as old as the time of the advent of the first European into China, but we cannot admit that his method of dealing with it was convincing.

It seems rather rough that, in the lamentable City of Rio disaster, the Engineer should have been censured for keeping his men at their posts in the engine-room after the ship struck.

A man with the Christian (or un-Christian) first name of Murdoch, got into trouble last week. With an appellation like that, he ought not to be surprised whatever happens to him.

King Hezekiah was cured because they laid a lump of figs on the boil, and because of the manner of his curing. Sir Arthur Sullivan never wrote his projected *Oratorio of Isaiah*. We wish somebody would bob up serenely, and put a lump of figs on our Government; the process might cure them.

Some foolish man at Home proposes taxing bachelors, or, in other words, making the single pay part of the expenses of the married. Fancy such a thing in Hongkong! Give me a full license, if you please. Politely Polio Sergeant in charge: "Certainly, sir; dog or bachelor?"

It is not wonderful how many of the earlier heroes of the war have, as it were, practically disappeared! Colonel Kekewich, the defender of Kimberley, Hector Macdonald and many others. Colonel Kekewich's effacement is ascribed to his extremely unilitary reason of Cecil Rhodes's enmity, but why Mac should have taken a back seat is a puzzle.

Tommy Emson is back with the wild, haggard look of a man about to start a newspaper, and is en route to Australia ahead of Burton, who is reported to have done extremely well up north.

Alice Memorial Hospital.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Netherdale Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the Hospitals—
Holliday, Wm & Co., £50
My Kat, £25
East Asiatic Trading Co., £25
Hughes and Hough, £10
W. Powell & Co., £10
R. Marten, £10
C. Mitchell, £10
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T. H. Reid, £10
Dr. K. Lang, £10
Hon. A. W. Brown, £10
Hon. W. Chalmers, £10
A. Dunlop, £10
E. W. Fry, £10

A FEW MINUTES' DELAY IN

Treating some cases of croup, even the length of time it takes to go for a doctor, often prove dangerous. The safest way is to keep some good reliable Croup medicine constantly in the house. There is none better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It contains no opium or narcotic in any form, and can be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult.

For sale by all dealers in medicines everywhere.
Price, 50 cts. and \$1.00.
For sale by All Dealers, WATKINS & Co., General Agents.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE MISSIONARY QUESTION.

To the Editor of the 'CHINA MAIL.'

Mission House, West Point,
Hongkong, April 18, 1901.

DEAR SIR—I should like to thank you for the remarks in your leader in last night's issue of the *China Mail*. It very justly points out the unsupported assumptions of Mr. Michie in his lecture on Tuesday afternoon.

As evidences of the general attitude of the Protestant Missionary body with regard to the political and social position of the Chinese Christians, I enclose a pastoral letter drawn up in 1898 by the Fuhkien missionaries and addressed to the native Christians of that province. The eighty missionaries spoken of as supporting the principles laid down in that document in the one province of Fuhkien may be taken as indicating the proportion of Protestant missionaries in each province who have made such principles their rule and practice in dealing with the problems of a very difficult position.

PASTORAL LETTER TO THE CHRISTIANS IN FUKIEN PROVINCE.

Greeting.—As by the Divine favor the truths of Christianity have been proclaimed far and wide in this province and many have embraced them and hope for salvation; and as in many places troubles arise from the superstitious beliefs and practices of the heathen, leading them to treat you unjustly in temporal affairs and even persecute you for your religion; and as you naturally turn to your foreign teachers for aid in your distresses, often expecting help which we are unable to give, and hence you are led to distrust our goodwill toward you; therefore,

We, a body of over eighty missionaries assembled at Kuliang, near Foochow, have considered the matter and have decided to issue this Pastoral Letter, setting forth what in our opinion are your rights, as Christians in Fuhkien, and how you should endeavor to procure them.

We would therefore present to you the following points:

1.—All should understand that embracing Christianity implies a purpose to seek and practice personal holiness, to honor and serve God, to be faithful to parents, to be loyal subjects, and to love others as ourselves.

2.—It is the duty of everyone to be a true Christian, and it is possible to be such under whatever laws there are in whatever circumstances he or she may be placed.

3.—Persons who have violated the civil laws by committing murder or theft, by gambling or counterfeiting or who are guilty of any other crime, should not be received into the church unless they have given good evidence of repentance and conversion, and should they be received they must still remember that they are amenable to the laws of the land for such crimes, and have no right to expect exemption from punishment because they become Christians.

4.—We have no right to expect that foreign governments will interfere and compel the Chinese government to alter its ordinary laws or their regular mode of execution.

5.—The Treaties with Christian nations now give the sanction of the Imperial Government to any person, official or citizen, to embrace Christianity, and guarantee to him religious liberty, so that he cannot lawfully be compelled to contribute money for idolatrous or immoral purposes. For many years the officials at Foochow, from District Magistrate to Viceroy and Tartar General, have proclaimed the rights of Christians to be exempt from local taxation for such purposes.

6.—As to cases involving religious liberty Christians should be as such, claim discriminating legislation in their behalf.

7.—In cases where religious liberty is at stake every effort should be made by those concerned to settle them amicably and thus avoid appealing to the courts. Where this cannot be done they should appeal to the officials in the ordinary way, paying the usual fees. In no case should they look to the missionary to take the initiative.

8.—Although there seems to be hardships in poor people securing their rights under the present government, yet Chinese Christians should remember that in the providence of God they are Chinese, that the regular governmental taxes are light comparatively, and that in the present untrusting condition of the people the system of taxation for foreign services rendered is unworkable. As the people become Christianized then gradually Christian laws and methods will become possible and can prevail.

9.—At present Foreign Missionaries and Consuls in appealing to the officials can do so on behalf of the native Christians to assist them in their troubles and reforms, and it must lead naturally to hatred of Christianity and of the Christians themselves on the part of the officials and the foreigners to be too forward in undertaking the least case in presenting cases for the Christians.

10.—As a general rule missionaries should appeal to the officials in behalf of Christians through their Consuls only in cases of gross persecution. The collection of old debts, claims for land and other property formerly taken from them by extortion, and all similar civil cases should be left for the natives to manage themselves, and in all such cases they should be instructed to seek only for what is just and right. The Chinese method of magnifying one's own wrongs and of taking advantage of other people's ignorance should not be indulged in or allowed among Christians. We should remember the Apostle's declaration that it is better to suffer injury than to do it to another.

11.—With respect to property shared year by year in rotation, we recommend that the Christians in the several Provinces, or in the entire Province, unite and present the case to their officials, showing the injustice that must result in case the Christians, on account of moral inability, perform ancestral worship, should be deprived of their share in their patrimony.

To aid in the matter, it could be suggested that the money for the sacrifices and feasts should be divided among those entitled to it, and the balance belong to the party who has the control of the property for the year. On the proposal, it might be made that the expenses for the repair of graves should be provided annually and the rest go to the manager for the year, or that the property be equitably divided among the heirs. The last course would naturally be the best, for it would leave the money for the sacrifices and feasts should be divided among those entitled to it, and the balance belong to the party who has the control of the property for the year.

12.—With respect to reforms in marriage and social customs, such as the protection of widows from the power of their late husband's relatives; the daughter's right to share in her father's property; the matter of infant betrothals; the selling of daughters to be slave girls, and other questions which may arise, the same general method may be followed as suggested in No. 11. According to the present genius of the Chinese government, this is the only way open for Christians to secure any redress for their civil rights which may be desired.

Now we publish these points for your information, and recommend that all the foreign Missionaries as well as the native Christians conform their practice to the spirit of these statements, hoping thus to secure more harmony in practice among missionaries toward the native Christians, better feeling on the part of the Chinese officials toward both the Missionaries and the Chinese Christians and more uniform good feeling on the part of the native churches toward the foreign helpers of their faith. We trust therefore that the object of this letter may be correctly understood by all our brethren and sisters in the Lord, and that untold love and warmer zeal in the service of Christ may result.

In addition to the above I should like to make a few further remarks on two subjects of men unrepresented at the lecture.

(a) The use of a smart phrase by the lecturer prefaced by Bro. Hart's well-known words concerning the Chinese character and applied to the Chinese Christians in an unflattering manner of language and in a gross libel upon a great body of Chinese Christians, who now form a large Christian community, who are endeavoring to live their lives according to the tenets of Christianity, and in many ways have the emblems of their faith to their graves (truly the marks of the Lord Jesus), the 3000 who dug the trenches in Peking, and built the defenses round the British Legation, were also the many who came down here to Hongkong, Honolulu, and elsewhere, surely deserve something better than a brutal slur like the one alluded to.

(b) Then, again, I think the case against the Roman Catholic Missionaries has been much exaggerated. They are not all Frenchmen, and it cannot always be safely assumed that the Catholic Priest is in all cases with the French Consul. Their ecclesiastical standpoint is very different from that of the Protestant Missionary, and due allowance must be made for this. They have suffered equally with the Protestant and may be thankful that both Protestant and Catholic, both Missionary and Convert, have alike not shrunk from death, rather than do dishonor to their faith—a faith and devotion worthy of the best ages and the best traditions of Christianity.

With such a record of courage and faith, we may well look forward with hope to the future.—I am, yours, &c.,

W. BANISTER,
Secretary,
Church Missionary Society.

MR BROUGH AT SHANGHAI.

At the conclusion of the last performance of the Brough Comedy Company at Shanghai, Mr. W. G. Baynes, Chairman of the Shanghai A.D.C., went on the stage, and proposed a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Brough and their admirable, charming, and delightful company.

In acknowledging the three ringing cheers that were raised, Mr. Brough said he thanked them all, on behalf of his wife and his company, for the reception they had thus accorded them. He was pleased to hear the company styled admirable and charming—that was his opinion of them. He thought of the audience for a tribute such as that had accorded them, for such tributes were more than gratifying, they were encouraging and stimulating. The company, moreover, the expression of this good-will and friendship which he was sure was heartily reciprocal. He wished to thank them, too, for the support which had been accorded the company right through the season. It might interest them to know that the financial result had more than satisfied him. In fact, it had exceeded by far his most sanguine expectations. He thought Shanghai was a very wonderful theatre-supporting community. Shanghai had grown very much since he last visited it, and he did not think the encounter had resulted in severe wounding on either side. Rather, he thought the influence had been beneficial to both. It was compensated to know that the A.D.C. were among their most ardent supporters. He could only regret that they had not had the pleasure of seeing them in their war paint. Shanghai owed a great debt to its A.D.C. They were the real backbone of the upstroke of the theatre, and it was by far the most up-to-date theatre in the East. Personally he owed them, and their secretary, a debt of gratitude for the kindness extended to him at all times. Apart from the professional side of his visit, there was the social. Again he had to tender thanks, for as well as on the stage they had had a very fine time. He only hoped that there would remain with them all the recollection of a few pleasant evenings spent in looking at their performances. They left Shanghai with genuine regret, and looked forward to seeing friends again in the near future.

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HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

In their weekly share report, dated 18th April, Messrs Benjamin, Kelly and Potts write:—

The past week has been noticeable for a further boom in most of the leading stocks and business during the period under review has continued very brisk.

Banks.—Hongkong and Shanghai Banks have experienced a further substantial rise and have been looked at with prices up to 370 per cent. premium cash; on time, shares have been sold at 375 per cent. premium for May and 380 per cent. premium for June. The London quotation is 260.5.

Nationals are unchanged.

Marine Insurance.—Unions after a small sale at \$222½ have enquiries at \$230, but shares are difficult to obtain even at a much higher price. China Traders have been purchased at \$271½. Yangtze have ruled firm with buyers at \$135. Cantons can be placed at \$105.

Fin Insurance.—Hongkong Fines have advanced to \$225, at which rate shares have changed hands. China Fines are in demand at \$244.

Shipping.—Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamships have risen to \$34 and are wanted. Indo-China has considerably improved their position owing to enquiries from the North and have been fixed at \$120 and \$127½. Chinese have been fixed at \$120 and \$127½. Chinese have been fixed at \$120 and \$127½.

Chinese.—The demand for Panjoms has subsided and after sales at \$40 shares are offered at \$35. Batters have enquiries at \$30. Oliver's have steadily improved and have been done at \$12 and \$13. Jeles have been disposed of at \$5 and are still required for.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Hongkong and Shanghai Docks have been fixed at \$270, \$275 and \$277½; the market closes in demand at \$280.

Kowloon Wharves have slightly weakened and are available at \$103.

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April 25th and 26th.

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